

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1989-326187

DERWENT-WEEK: 198945

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TITLE: Protective package for IC chips -
has shielding against electromagnetic, electrostatic and
thermal effects and mechanical shock

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PRIORITY-DATA: 1988US-0190823 (May 6, 1988)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PAGES	PUB-DATE	
LANGUAGE		MAIN-IPC	
EP 340959 A		November 8, 1989	E
006	N/A		
CA 1310432 C		November 17, 1992	N/A
000	H01L 023/58		
DE 68920195 E		February 9, 1995	N/A
000	H01L 023/043		
EP 340959 B1		December 28, 1994	E
007	H01L 023/043		
JP 02017659 A		January 22, 1990	N/A
000	N/A		
KR 9305486 B1		June 22, 1993	N/A
000	H01L 023/00		

DESIGNATED-STATES: DE FR GB DE FR GB

CITED-DOCUMENTS: 3.Jnl.Ref; A3...199046 ; DE 2749848 ; EP
103068 ; JP 60106150
; JP 60120541 ; No-SR.Pub ; US 3303392 ; 03Jnl.Ref

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO	APPL-DESCRIPTOR	APPL-NO
APPL-DATE		

EP 340959A	N/A	
1989EP-0304081	April 24, 1989	
CA 1310432C	N/A	
1989CA-0598469	May 2, 1989	
DE 68920195E	N/A	
1989DE-0620195	April 24, 1989	
DE 68920195E	N/A	
1989EP-0304081	April 24, 1989	
DE 68920195E	Based on	EP 340959
N/A		
EP 340959B1	N/A	
1989EP-0304081	April 24, 1989	
JP 02017659A	N/A	
1989JP-0113525	May 2, 1989	
KR 9305486B1	N/A	
1989KR-0005591	April 26, 1989	

INT-CL (IPC): H01L023/00, H01L023/04 , H01L023/043 ,
H01L023/10 ,
H01L023/40 , H01L023/56 , H01L023/58 , H05K007/14

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: EP 340959A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

The protective package for IC chips (24) comprises a printed circuit board base (16) and a conductive heat sink (14) between which is a frame of compliant conductive material (26) acting as a sealing gasket against the exterior environment.

An electrically conductive layer (34) over an electrically insulating layer (32) over the external surface of the heat sink provides shielding from electrostatic discharges by accumulating them. The heat sink itself provides electromagnetic shielding. A conductive layer in the printed circuit board also provides shielding. Compliant cushions (52) and support pads (50) support the IC chips.

USE - Protects IC chips against electromagnetic interference, thermal effects,

electrostatic discharge and mechanical shock.

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: EP 340959B

EQUIVALENT-ABSTRACTS:

A package (10) for an electrical device (24) comprising: a base member (12) having an electrically conductive layer (18) disposed therein; a strip of an electrically conductive material (25,26) disposed on an upper surface (22) of said base about the periphery of said base and enclosing a portion of the upper surface of said base; an electrically conductive heat sink cover member (14) disposed on said electrically conductive strip (25,26) and electrically connected to said strip of electrically conductive material and said electrically conductive layer (18) to form an electromagnetic interference shielded enclosure; an electrical device disposed within said interference shielded enclosure; means (50,52), disposed in said shielded enclosure, for compliantly and securely holding said electrical device in position within said shielded enclosure between said base and heat sink cover members and in thermal contact with said heat sink cover member (14) for directing heat away from said electrical device, comprising at least a first compliant pad (50) disposed between said base member (12) and said electrical device; and an insulating layer of material (32) disposed on an exterior surface of said heat sink cover member (14), and a further layer of electrically conductive material (34) disposed over said insulating layer (32) and electrically connected to said electrically conductive layer (18) and said strip (25,26) of said base member (12) for shielding said electrical device from electrostatic discharge.

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.2/2 Dwg.1/2

TITLE-TERMS: PROTECT PACKAGE IC CHIP SHIELD ELECTROMAGNET
ELECTROSTATIC THERMAL
EFFECT MECHANICAL SHOCK

DERWENT-CLASS: U11 V04

EPI-CODES: U11-D02B2; U11-D03C1; U11-D03D; V04-Q02;
V04-T03A; V04-U;

SECONDARY-ACC-NO:
Non-CPI Secondary Accession Numbers: N1989-248305

12

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

21 Application number: 89304081.6

51 Int. Cl. 4: H01L 23/56 , H01L 23/40

22 Date of filing: 24.04.89

30 Priority: 06.05.88 US 190823

43 Date of publication of application:
08.11.89 Bulletin 89/45

94 Designated Contracting States:
DE FR GB

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94 Package for EMI, ESD, thermal, and mechanical shock protection of circuit chips.

EP 0 340 959 A2
 57 A package for integrated circuit chips, or other electrical devices, provides mechanical shock and thermal protection for the chips, and in addition, protects the chips from electromagnetic interference and electrostatic discharge. The package includes a printed wiring board base for reception of one or more circuit chips, and a conductive heat sink and cover. The conductive heat sink, in conjunction with a reference plane in the wiring board base, acts as an EMI shield for the chips. The heat sink is covered with an insulating layer, on top of which, a conductive coating is placed. The conductive coating is electrically connected to the reference plane, and the two act to protect the chips from electrostatic discharges. Compliant pads support the chips, and a thermally conductive elastomer can be placed on top of each chip between the chips and the inner top surface of the heat sink. The chips are thereby held securely in position, and are thermally connected to the heat sink.

PACKAGE FOR EMI, ESD, THERMAL, AND MECHANICAL SHOCK PROTECTION OF CIRCUIT CHIPS

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

The present invention relates, in general, to a package for circuit chips which provides integral protection of the chips from electromagnetic interference (EMI), electrostatic discharge (ESD), temperature extremes, and, mechanical shock. The package also shields the environment from EMI emissions from the chips.

Modern integrated circuit technology, such as CMOS and ECL, utilize integrated circuit packages that include ICs with high lead count, relatively fragile interconnects, high power dissipation, and fast switching speeds. In order to operate properly and reliably, these circuits must be protected from extreme operating temperatures, mechanical shock, electromagnetic interference, and electrostatic discharge. Also, the FCC imposes requirements with respect to EMI emissions from devices such as these, and shielding must therefore be provided to protect the environment from these emissions.

In the past, various attempts have been made to provide solutions to each of the above issues individually, but not in combination with one another. For example, heat sinks have long been used for electronics packaging to maintain the temperature of the electronics within their operating range. However, these do not provide shock, EMI, or ESD protection. Similarly, module shielding techniques, such as can found in a TV, VCR, or video decoder, for example, employ a metal "can" that is formed around a series of components, and is connected to provide EMI shielding for the components, but no thermal or mechanical shock protection for the same.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore the object of the present invention to provide an integral package for integrated circuits which will protect the circuits from extreme temperatures, mechanical shock, EMI, and, ESD, and also, shield the environment from EMI emissions from the circuits.

This, and other objects of the invention, are attained through provision of a circuit package structure which includes a printed wiring board base for reception of one or more circuit chips, and a five sided box type cover and heat sink having integral heat radiating fins formed in the top thereof. To provide mechanical shock protection for the circuit chips, compliant stand off supports are em-

ployed between the chips and the base to support the chips on the base. A thermally conductive elastomer, or other spring material, can then be placed on top of each circuit chip so that when the heat sink cover is secured to the base, the inner top surface of the cover will contact the elastomer, and compress both the elastomer on the top of each chip, as well as the compliant supports below each chip. As a result, each chip is held securely and is protected from mechanical shocks to which the package is subjected. Also, the thermally conductive elastomer provides an excellent thermal path between each of the chips, and the heat sink, to thereby insure adequate control of the chip operating temperatures.

To provide an EMI shield between each chip and the environment, the heat sink is made of a conductive material, such as aluminum, and is electrically connected to a reference plane in the printed wiring board base. Each chip is thus surrounded by the conductive shield formed by the heat sink, and the reference plane.

For ESD protection, an additional conductive coating is necessary. This is provided by applying an insulating material to the outside surface of the heat sink, and then applying an additional conductive coating on top of the layer of insulating material. This conductive coating is electrically connected to the heat sink, and to the wiring board reference plane by a conductive gasket, or contact, that is disposed in the heat sink/base interface when the package is assembled.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing and additional objects, features, and advantages, of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description thereof, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a diagrammatic perspective view of a circuit package constructed in accordance with the present invention showing a combination heat sink and cover removed; and,

FIG. 2 is a partial cross sectional view showing the details of the circuit package.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Turning now to a more detailed consideration

of the invention, there is illustrated in FIG. 1, an integrated circuit package 10, which includes a base 12, and a combination heat sink and cover 14.

Base 12 is preferably formed from a printed wiring board 16, which is a layered substrate having a conductive layer 18 disposed in the middle thereof that forms a "reference plane". A plurality of support pads or blocks 20 can be disposed beneath the four corners of board 16, if desired.

Disposed on a top surface 22 of board 16, are one or more integrated circuit chips, or other electrical devices, 24. It will be understood that package 10 can be sized to accommodate any number or size of chips or devices. Further details of the chip mountings are illustrated in FIG. 2, and it will be understood that each of the chips includes a plurality of conductor leads (not shown) for electrically connecting them to circuitry in printed wiring board 16.

Also disposed on top surface 22, and generally around its periphery, is a narrow rectangular frame shaped conductive metal strip 25, on top of which is disposed, a similar shaped strip of conductive material 26, which surrounds the mounting area for chips 24. Conductive material 26 is preferably compliant, and can be a spring metal, or conductive elastomer, for example. This acts as an electrical gasket for the interface between heat sink 14 and base 12, and will be discussed in further detail below. A plurality of apertures 28 are disposed in compliant strip 26 at its corners that also pass through board 16 to receive mounting screws or bolts for attaching heat sink 14 to base 12.

Turning now to FIG. 2, package 10 is shown in greater detail. As illustrated, heat sink 14, which is constructed of a conductive material such as aluminum, preferably includes a plurality of heat radiating fins 30. It should be understood that other types of radiating elements could be formed on heat sink 14 if desired, or if liquid cooling is employed, no heating radiating elements at all are necessary. Disposed on all exterior surfaces of heat sink 14, including fins 30, is a first layer or coating 32 of electrical insulating material. A second layer or coating 34 is placed over insulating layer 32, and is formed from any suitable type of conductive material. Conductive layer 34 provides a surface separate from heat sink 14 for the accumulation of static charge, and thereby provides protection of chips 24 from electrostatic discharges.

When heat sink 14 is assembled to base 12, an integral depending peripheral rim or flange 36 of heat sink 14 engages compliant conductive strip 26, and forms a sealed area 38 for chips 24. A plurality (one shown) of bolts or screws 40, and corresponding nuts 42 are employed for securing

heat sink 14 to base 12.

Conductive metal strip 25 is formed integrally with a plurality of conductive vias 46 that pass through apertures 28 in base 12. Vias 46 electrically contact reference plane conductive layer 18, and further extend to the bottom surface of wiring board 16, where small conductive areas 48 are formed for electrically contacting nuts 42.

Compliant conductive layer 26 and metal strip 25 serve to electrically connect heat sink 14, conductive coating 34, and reference plane 18 to thereby provide an enclosure for chips 24, which is shielded both from electromagnetic interference, and from electrostatic discharge. Conversely, the exterior environment is shielded from EMI emissions from the chips 24. In addition, the compliant nature of layer 26, helps insure that chip area 38 will be sealed from external dirt, moisture, etc.

Chips 24 are preferably supported on wiring board 16 by a plurality of compliant pads or cushions 50 which are placed on top surface 22 beneath each of the chips. A thermally conductive compliant cushion 52 is preferably disposed on top of each chip 24, and engages an inner top surface 54 of heat sink 14 when the same is secured to base 12. Cushion 52 not only insures that good thermal contact will be made between chips 24 and heat sink 14, but also insures, in conjunction with support pads 50, that chips 24 will be held securely in position, and insulated from mechanical shock. Alternatively, cushion 52 can be eliminated if desired, and the heat sink dimensions adjusted so that inner top surface 54 will directly contact chips 24 when heat sink 14 is in position.

From the foregoing, it may be thus seen that package 10 is constructed in a simple and compact manner, and provides excellent mechanical, thermal, and electrical protection for chips 24. Heat sink 14 acts to draw heat away from the chips, to hold the chips securely but compliantly in position, and to provide a sealed enclosure for the chips as well. In addition, because it is made of electrically conductive material, heat sink 14, in conjunction with reference plane conductive layer 18, also acts as an EMI shield for chips 24, and in conjunction with conductive coating 34, acts as an ESD shield for chips 24.

Although the invention as been disclosed in terms of a preferred embodiment it will be understood that numerous variations and modifications could be made thereto without departing from the true spirit and scope thereof as defined in the following claims.

Claims

1. A package for one or more electrical devices comprising:

a housing for reception of at least one electrical device;

means on said housing to direct heat away from a received electrical device;

means on said housing to compliantly and securely hold a received device in position to protect a received device from mechanical shock;

means on said housing to shield a received device from electromagnetic interference, and conversely, to shield the exterior environment from the electromagnetic emissions from a received device; and,

means on said housing to shield a received device from electrostatic discharge.

2. The package of claim 1, wherein said housing includes a sealed enclosure for reception of at least one electrical device.

3. The package of claim 1, wherein said means on said housing to direct heat away from a received electrical device comprises a heat sink and means to thermally connect said heat sink to a received electrical device.

4. The package of claim 3, wherein said means to thermally connect said heat sink to received electrical device comprises a thermally conductive material disposed between said heat sink and a received electrical device.

5. The package of claim 1, wherein said means to compliantly and securely hold a received device comprises at least a first compliant pad means disposed between a base of said housing and a received device.

6. The package of claim 5 further including at least a second compliant pad means disposed between an inner top surface of said heat sink, and a received device.

7. The package of claim 6, wherein said second compliant pad means is formed from thermally conductive material.

8. The package of claim 1, wherein said means on said housing to shield a received device from electromagnetic interference comprises:

a base member including an electrically conductive ground plane; and,

an electrically conductive cover member mechanically and electrically connected to said base member to form a shielded enclosure for a received device.

9. The package of claim 8, wherein said means on said housing to shield a received device from electrostatic discharge comprises:

an insulating layer of material disposed on an exterior surface of said conductive cover member; and,

a layer of electrically conductive material disposed on said insulating layer, and electrically connected to said base member.

10. A package for one or more electrical devices, such as integrated circuit chips, comprising: a housing including a base member and a heat sink cover member, said heat sink being made of electrically conductive material, and being mechanically attached to said base member, and electrically attached to a conductive layer in said base member, to form an enclosure for a received electrical device which shields a received device from electromagnetic interference, and shields the external environment from electromagnetic emissions generated by a received device;

compliant means disposed on said base member for supporting a received device in a mechanical shock protected manner;

means to thermally contact said heat sink to a received device to provide protection of a received device from extreme temperatures; and,

an insulating layer of material disposed on an exterior surface of said heat sink, and a conductive layer of conductive material disposed over said insulating layer, and electrically connected to said base member to provide protection of a received device from electrostatic discharge.

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Nouvellement déposé

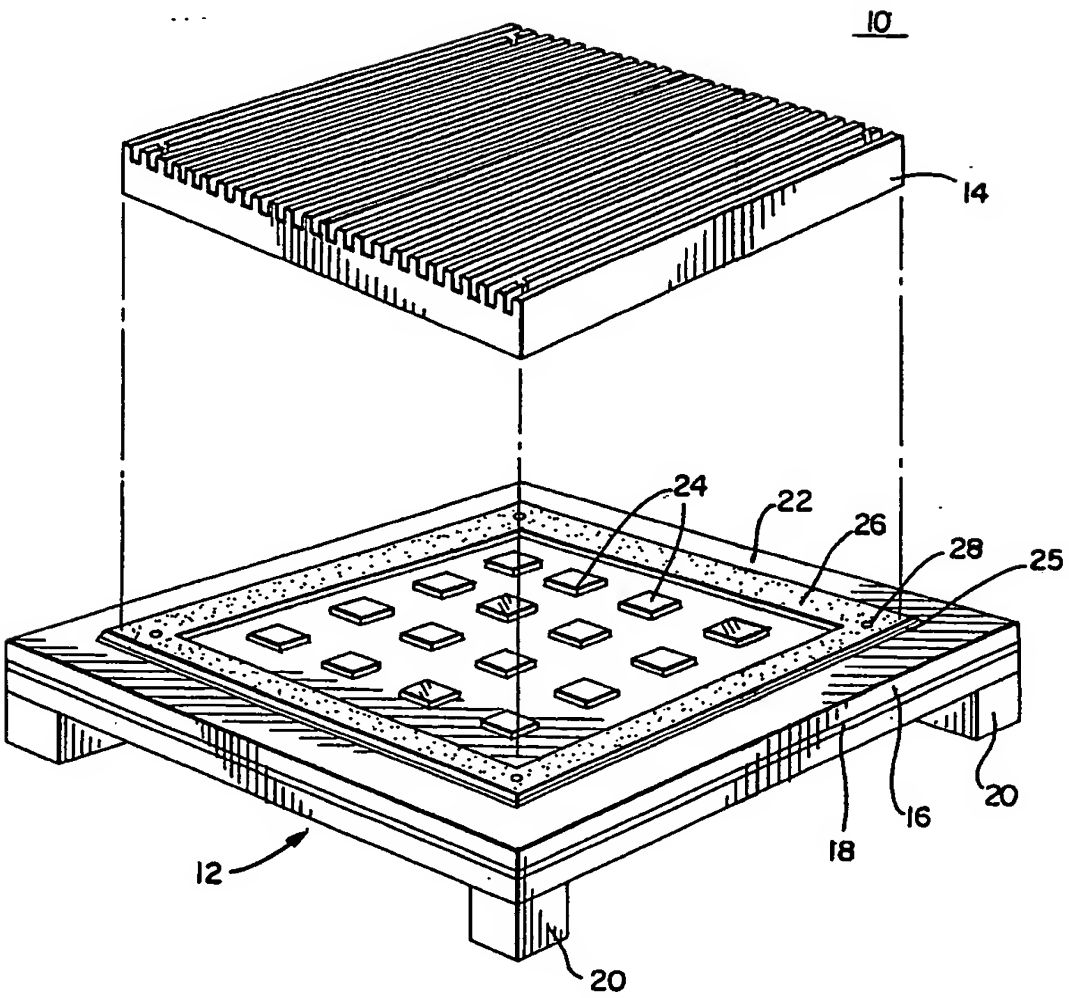


FIG 1

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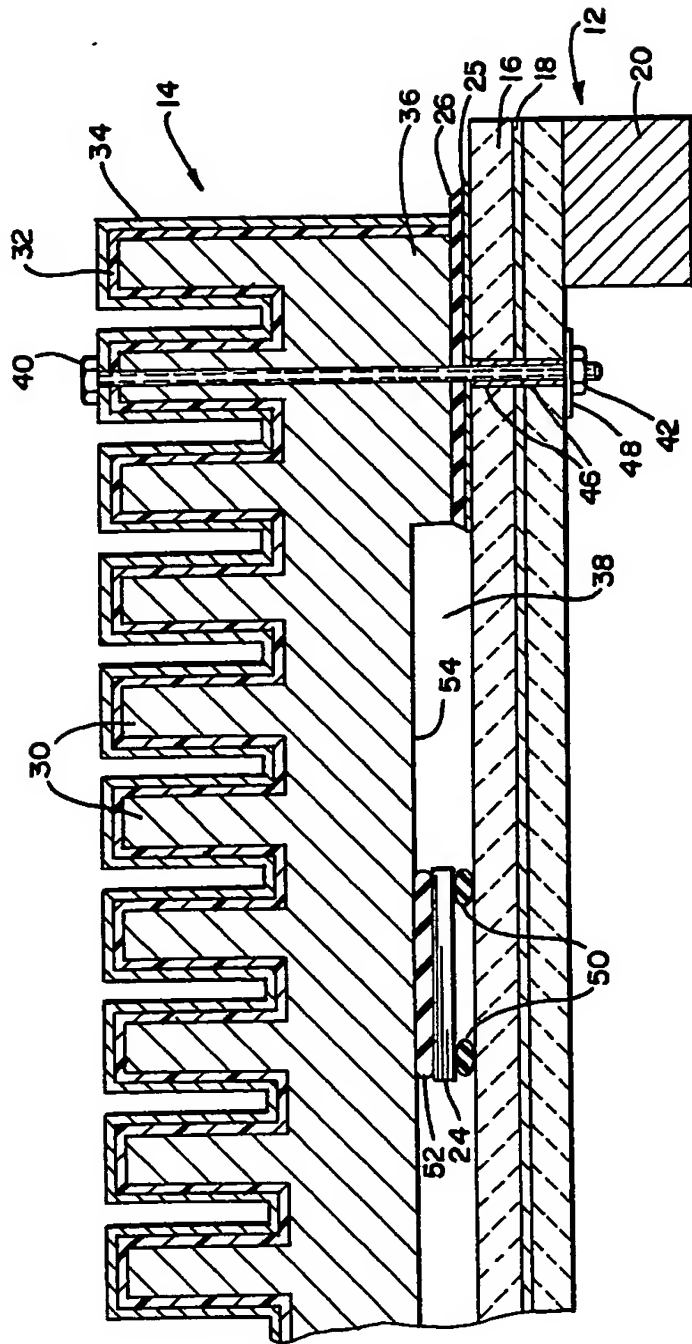


FIG 2